Union Calendar No. 602

99th Congress, 2d Session - - - - - - - - - - - - House Report 99-1017

ACTIVITIES

AND

SUMMARY REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-NINTH CONGRESS

(Pursuant to House Rule XI, CL. 1.(d))

DECEMBER 10, 1986.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania, *Chairman*

JIM WRIGHT, Texas
W.G. (BILL) HEFNER, North Carolina
THOMAS J. DOWNEY, New York
MIKE LOWRY, Washington
BUTLER DERRICK, South Carolina
GEORGE MILLER, California
PAT WILLIAMS, Montana
HOWARD WOLPE, Michigan
MARTIN FROST, Texas
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MARTY RUSSO, Illinois
ED JENKINS, Georgia
MICHAEL D. BARNES, Maryland
MARVIN LEATH, Texas
CHARLES E. SCHUMER, New York
BARBARA BOXER, California
BUDDY MacKAY, Florida
JIM SLATTERY, Kansas
CHESTER G. ATKINS, Massachusetts

DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio
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LYNN MARTIN, Illinois
BOBBI FIEDLER, California
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TOM LOEFFLER, Texas
CONNIE MACK, Florida
WILLIAM F. GOODLING, Pennsylvania
W. HENSON MOORE, Louisiana
DENNY SMITH, Oregon
VIN WEBER, Minnesota
HANK BROWN, Colorado
BEAU BOULTER, Texas

STEVEN L. PRUITT, *Executive Director*
PATRICIA A. QUEALY, *Chief Counsel*
MARTHA H. PHILLIPS, *Minority Staff Director*

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET,
Washington, DC, December 10, 1986.

Hon. BENJAMIN J. GUTHRIE,
Clerk of the House, U.S. House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. GUTHRIE: Pursuant to Clause 1(d) of House Rule XI, I am pleased to transmit a report on the activities of the Committee on the Budget during the 99th Congress.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, *Chairman.*

IV

CONTENTS

	Page
Letter of transmittal	III
List of task forces and membership	5
I. Summary of committee jurisdiction and activity during the 99th Congress	1
II. Concurrent resolutions on the budget—99th Congress	21
III. Budget Committee publications—99th Congress	59
IV. Joint resolutions reported by the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction	61

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99TH CONGRESS, 2d Session | HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES | REPORT 99-1017

ACTIVITIES AND SUMMARY REPORT OF THE BUDGET COMMITTEE

DECEMBER 10, 1986.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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Mr. GRAY of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on the Budget, submitted the following

REPORT

I. SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE JURISDICTION AND ACTIVITY DURING THE 99TH CONGRESS

In accordance with the provisions of Public Law 93-344, the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, and Public Law 99-177, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the Committee on the Budget considered and reported two concurrent resolutions on the budget.

The Committee reported H. Con. Res. 152 (see also S. Con. Res. 32), the First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 1986, and H. Con. Res. 337 (see also S. Con. Res. 120), the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 1987. Final action on these resolutions was taken on the following dates: the First Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1986, August 1, 1985; the Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1987, June 26, 1986. Following recent precedent, the First Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1986 contained a section providing that, if Congress did not adopt a second budget resolution for such fiscal year by the following October 1, the spending and revenue levels in such first resolution would become binding. Therefore, it was not necessary for the Committee on the Budget to report a second budget resolution for fiscal year 1986. Public Law 99-177 eliminated the requirement of a second budget resolution for fiscal year 1987. The final versions of the adopted budget resolutions are reprinted in Part II of this report.

In developing the resolutions on the budget, the Committee considered numerous potential budgetary concepts and approaches, with a particular view toward significantly reducing the current

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and projected budget deficits. Additionally, pursuant to Public Law 99-177, the budget resolution considered by the House and Senate cannot contain a deficit in excess of the maximum deficit targets set forth in that law. In that regard, the Committee heard extensive testimony on the state of the economy, the probable fiscal and economic impact of the President's budget proposals, the requirements and resources of State and local governments, and national economic priorities. The Committee also requested and received detailed reports from all House and Joint Committees containing their views and estimates regarding appropriate levels of spending for programs within their jurisdiction (Views and Estimates of Committees of the House, March 1985, CP-3; Views and Estimates of Committees of the House, February 1986, CP-8), and reports from the Joint Economic Committee (on recommendations as to the fiscal policies which would be appropriate to achieve the goals of the Employment Act of 1946).

Also, in conformity with instructions contained in S. Con. Res. 32, the Committee on the Budget reported to the House on October 3, 1985, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (H.R. 3500, H. Rept. 99-300). That measure which initially passed the House on October 24, 1985, was later merged with H.R. 3128, the Deficit Reduction Amendments of 1985, H. Rept. 99-241. H.R. 3128, as reported from the committee of conference, was subject to amendments between the Houses. The final version of the measure passed the Senate on March 18, 1986. The House passed the agreement on March 20, 1986, and the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 was signed as P.L. 99-272 on April 7, 1986.

On July 31, 1986, in response to instructions in S. Con. Res. 120, the House Budget Committee reported H.R. 5300 (H. Rept. 99-727), the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986. The measure passed the House on September 24, 1986. The Senate passed H.R. 5300 with an amendment on September 25, 1986. The conference report on the bill was agreed to in both the House and Senate on October 17, 1986. The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986 was signed on October 21, 1986 as P.L. 99-509.

In addition to the matters within the legislative jurisdiction of the Committee, the Budget Committee is charged with certain oversight responsibilities. Chief among these are: (1) review of the operations and activities of the Congressional Budget Office; (2) study of off-budget agencies; (3) study of tax expenditures; and (4) study of additional budget reform proposals.

Further, section 274(f) of Public Law 99-177, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Gramm-Rudman-Hollings), provides that, in the event that any of the reporting procedures under that law are invalidated, there is established a Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction, consisting of the entire membership of the House and Senate Budget Committees.

On July 7, 1986, the Supreme Court ruled 7-2 that the role of the Comptroller General under Gramm-Rudman-Hollings was unconstitutional as a violation of the principle of separation of powers.

Accordingly, on July 14, 1986, the Speaker of the House announced the creation of the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit

Reduction and named the members of the Committee on the Budget elected by the House as members of the joint committee.

In accordance with its duties under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction met twice during the 99th Congress.

On July 17, 1986, the Temporary Joint Committee met to consider and report a joint resolution (H.J. Res. 676) setting forth the contents of the January 15, 1986 joint sequestration report of the Director of the Congressional Budget Office and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget with respect to fiscal year 1986. In order to expedite consideration of the sequester resolution and accommodate Senate parliamentary rules, the House considered H.J. Res. 672, a measure identical to H.J. Res. 676 which, prior to passage by the House and Senate on July 17, 1986, was amended to incorporate technical changes reflected in the President's sequestration order of February 1, 1986, and laws enacted between February 1, 1986 and the date of enactment of H.J. Res. 672. H.J. Res. 672 was signed on July 31, 1986 as Public Law 99-366.

On September 12, 1986, the Temporary Joint Committee met to consider the Initial Sequestration Report for Fiscal Year 1987, issued on August 20, 1986 by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. Testimony was received from Rudolph G. Penner, Director of the Congressional Budget Office; James C. Miller III, Director of the Office of Management and Budget; and Charles A. Bowsher, Comptroller General of the United States. At the meeting, the Temporary Joint Committee ordered reported a joint resolution (H.J. Res. 723/S.J. Res. 412) complying with the requirements of section 274(f)(1) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 412) was defeated in the Senate by a vote of 15-80 on September 20, 1986. The House took no further action on H.J. Res. 723.

During the 99th Congress, the Committee on the Budget and its task forces conducted the following hearings and meetings in exercising its legislative and oversight responsibilities.

HOUSE BUDGET COMMITTEE TASK FORCES

1. DEFENSE AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

THOMAS J. DOWNEY, New York, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania (Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
W.G. (BILL) HEFNER, North Carolina
HOWARD WOLPE, Michigan
VIC FAZIO, California
MARTY RUSSO, Illnois
MICHAEL D. BARNES, Maryland
MARVIN LEATH, Texas
CHARLES E. SCHUMER, New York
BARBARA BOXER, California
JIM SLATTERY, Kansas
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
BOBBI FIEDLER, California
JACK F. KEMP, New York
WILLIAM F. GOODLING, Pennsylvania
TOM LOEFFLER, Texas
HANK BROWN, Colorado
BEAU BOULTER, Texas

2. ECONOMIC POLICY

MIKE LOWRY, Washington, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania (Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
BUTLER DERRICK, South Carolina
MARTY RUSSO, Illinois
MARVIN LEATH, Texas
CHARLES E. SCHUMER, New York
BUDDY MACKAY, Florida
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
JACK F. KEMP, New York
LYNN MARTIN, Illinois
WILLIS GRADISON, Jr., Ohio
TOM LOEFFLER, Texas
CONNIE MACK, Florida
HANK BROWN, Colorado
BEAU BOULTER, Texas

3. BUDGET PROCESS

BUTLER DERRICK, South Carolina, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania (Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
MARTIN FROST, Texas
BUDDY MACKAY, Florida
CHESTER G. ATKINS, Massachusetts
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
LYNN MARTIN, Illinois
JACK F. KEMP, New York
WILLIS GRADISON, Jr., Ohio
TOM LOEFFLER, Texas
CONNIE MACK, Florida
WILLIAM F. GOODLING, Pennsylvania
DENNY SMITH, Oregon
HANK BROWN, Colorado
BEAU BOULTER, Texas

4. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

GEORGE MILLER, California, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania (Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
ED JENKINS, Georgia
CHARLES E. SCHUMER, New York
BARBARA BOXER, California
CHESTER G. ATKINS, Massachusetts
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
VIN WEBER, Minnesota
DENNY SMITH, Oregon

5. HUMAN RESOURCES

PAT WILLIAMS, Montana, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania
(Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
MIKE LOWRY, Washington
CHESTER G. ATKINS, Massachusetts
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
WILLIAM F. GOODLING, Pennsylvania
LYNN MARTIN, Illinois
W. HENSON MOORE, Louisiana
VIN WEBER, Minnesota

6. COMMUNITY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

HOWARD WOLPE, Michigan *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania
(Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
VIC FAZIO, California
ED JENKINS, Georgia
BUDDY MACKAY, Florida
JIM SLATTERY, Kansas
CHESTER G. ATKINS, Massachusetts
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
TOM LOEFFLER, Texas
BOBBI FIEDLER, California
W. HENSON MOORE, Louisiana

7. HEALTH

MARTIN FROST, Texas, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania
(Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
MARVIN LEATH, Texas
BUDDY MACKAY, Florida
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
WILLIS GRADISON, *Jr.*, Ohio
BOBBI FIEDLER, California
WILLIAM F. GOODLING, Pennsylvania
VIN WEBER, Minnesota

8. INCOME SECURITY

VIC FAZIO, California, *Chairman*

WILLIAM H. GRAY III, Pennsylvania
(Ex Officio)
JIM WRIGHT, Texas (Ex Officio)
MICHAEL D. BARNES, Maryland
BARBARA BOXER, California
DELBERT L. LATTA, Ohio (Ex Officio)
DENNY SMITH, Oregon
WILLIS GRADISON, *Jr.*, Ohio
CONNIE MACK, Florida

Hearings and Meetings by Full Committee

January 31, 1985. Open. Organizational meeting to consider various issues with respect to the operation of the Committee during the 99th Congress.

February 9, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on State and Local Issues (New York, NY); witnesses: J. Peter Grace, former Chairman, President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control (accompanied by J. P. Bolduc and John Gish); George Gross, Administrator, Human Resources Administration, New York City (accompanied by June Zeitlin, Director of Legislation); Janet Hanson, Suffolk Housing Services (accompanied by Stewart Moore, Senior Housing Specialist); Robert R. Kiley, Metropolitan Transit Authority (accompanied by Mort Downey, Director of Capital Programs, MTA); Honorable Edward I. Koch, Mayor, City of New York; Honorable Daniel Patrick Moynihan, U.S. Senator from the State of New York; Pamela P. Plumb, Councilor, Portland, ME and member, Board of Directors, National League of Cities; David Sidorski, Columbia University; Jeri Winger, International President, General Federation of Women's Clubs.

February 11, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on Agriculture Issues (Lansing, MI); witnesses: David Anderson, Attorney, Anderson & Stull, Lansing, MI; Earl T. Barks, President, American Agriculture Movement of Michigan, St. John, MI; Connee Canfield, State President, Women for the Survival of Agriculture in Michigan; Phil Clements, farmer, Barryton, MI; Ronald Ervin, farmer, Mt. Pleasant, MI; Neil Harl, Charles F. Curtis Distinguished Professor in Agriculture and Professor of Economics at Iowa State University; George E. House, President, Production Credit Association of Kalamazoo; Paul Johnson, President, Michigan Farmers Union; Dr. Paul E. Kindinger, Director, Michigan Department of Agriculture; Neal Rogers, dairy farmer and farm consultant, Eaton Rapids, MI; Honorable Nick Smith, State Senator and Chairman, Agriculture and Forestry Committee, Michigan State Senate; Mark Smuts, farm operator and member, Eaton County Farm Bureau on behalf of Elton Smith, President, Michigan Farm Bureau; Leland H. Townsend, State President, Michigan National Farmers Organization, Dansville, MI; Don Williams, Farmer, Mason, MI.

February 13, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on Health Entitlement Programs; Medicare (Irving, TX); witnesses: Dr. Ron J. Anderson, Administrator, Parkland Hospital, Dallas, TX, Joseph E. Boro, President, Volunteers of America; Dr. Marion Brooks, practitioner, Fort Worth, TX; Dr. Martin B. Cohen, Dallas, TX; Ailene Coleman, President, Taxpayers and Military Wives United; Dr. Emmett Conrad, on behalf of the C. V. Roman Medical Society; Alice Contreras, Director, Special

Language Programs, Fort Worth Independent School District; Dr. John P. Coughlin, Chairman, Council on Legislation, Texas Medical Association; John Daeley, Director, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Region VI; George Davis, representing the Tarrant County Senior Citizens Alliance; John C. Gavras, President, Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council; Robert Gibbons, Chairman, Texas Board on Aging of the Texas Department on Aging; Garland Ham, International Representative, UAW Community Action Program Department; Rick Heiskell, President, M. C. Cooper Dental Society, Inc., Dallas, TX; Eddie Bernice Johnson, Executive Office for Community Relations and Development, Visiting Nurse Association of Texas; Marlin W. Johnston, Commissioner, Texas Department of Human Resources; Joe W. Kearby, President, Texas Independent Nursing Home Association; Carl L. King, President, Texas Corn Growers Association, Dimmitt, TX; Glen Lemon, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, First Bank and Trust Co., Booker, TX; Edward L. McClelland, Vice President, Economic Research, Republicbank Corp., Dallas, TX; Robert McGovern, Director, Division of Ambulatory Pediatrics, University of Texas Health Science Center, Dallas; Ross Newby, Executive Director, Texas Commission on Alcoholism; Henry B. Philippsborn, on behalf of the American Association of Retired Persons; Tim Philpot, Administrator, John Peter Smith Hospital, Fort Worth; Milton G. Plomarity, Director of Health/Community Services, Dallas Inter-Tribal Center; Douglass M. Porter, President, Nowlin Mortgage Co., Fort Worth; Dr. William Ross, Professor and Chairman, Department of Family Practice, University of Texas Health Science Center, Dallas; Horace Sarabria, Director, Los Barrios Unidos Community Clinic and President, Texas Association of Community Health Centers; Peter M. Schenk, Vice President, Dallas-Fort Worth Medical Center; Arleigh B. Templeton, President and Chairman of the Board, Texas Education Foundation; Joe Tice; Kriss Ann Vogelpohl.

February 14, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on Income Maintenance Programs; Trade and Economic Policy; State and Local Issues (San Francisco, CA); witnesses: Ralph Abascal, General Counsel, California Rural Legal Assistance; Richard Blanchield, Disabled Veterans Counselor for Vietnam Veterans; Richard M. Butrick, Deputy Executive Director, County Supervisors Association of California; Richard Ceniseroz, Comptroller, Del Manufacturing, Oxnard, CA; Gordon W. Clark, U.S. Air Force, Retired, on behalf of the Retired Enlisted Assocation; Lawrence Dahms, Executive Director, Metropolitan Transportation Commission; Evelyn R. Frank, Staff Attorney, Legal Aid Society of Alameda County; Paul Gann, President, People's Advocate; J. Peter Grace, former Chairman, President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control (accompanied by J.P. Bolduc, Chief Operating Officer and John Gish, Director of Special Projects, PPSSCC); Teresa Hillman, student, CCSF and Chair, Congressional Budget Student Lobbyist Coalition; Thomas Mayer, Professor of Economics, University of California, Davis; Thomas G. Moore, Senior Fellow, Hoover Institute, Stanford University; Kay Quong, Assistant to City Manager of Oakland, CA;

Gayla Reiter, President, Local 3172, AFGE; Mark Romer, Fireman, Corte Madera, CA; James J. Saras, Chairman, Tri/Valley Growers Co-Op; Charles Van Housen, National Association of Retired Federal Employees; Clarissa Ward, President, San Francisco Legislative Forum and Second Vice President, California Council for Older Americans.

February 15, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on Agriculture and Farm Commodities Issues (Atchison, KS); witnesses: Honorable Jim Allen, Member, Kansas State Senate and Chairman, Senate Agriculture Committee; Harold F. Breimyer, Professor Emeritus, University of Missouri; Honorable John Carlin, Governor, State of Kansas; Mark Drabenstott, Senior Economist, Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City; Barry L. Flinchbaugh, Professor of Agricultural Economics, Kansas State University; Jan Flora, Department of Sociology, Anthropology and Social Work, Kansas State University; Gary Handke; Eugene C. Hegarty, President, Farmers & Merchants State Bank, Effengham, KS; Leon Lallier, Farmer, Kansas City; Thurman D. Miller, General Manager, Robinson Farmers Union Cooperative Association; John F. Muncy, Atchison Hunger Task Force; Rolland D. Parr, Farmer, Rossville; Henry Scherer, Farmer, Atchison; Charles Van Patten, D.V.M., Atchison Animal Clinic; Abner W. Womack, University of Missouri, Columbia, MO.

February 18, 1985. Open. Hearing on Impact of Budget Proposals on Senior Citizens Issues (Miami, FL); witnesses: Melvin J. Adams, Director, Metropolitan Dade County Department of Housing and Urban Development; Leonard E. A. Batz, President, Senior Citizens Centers of Dade County, Inc.; J. Peter Grace, former Chairman, President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control (accompanied by J.P. Bolduc and John Gish, PPSSCC); Ben Z. Grenald, Vice Mayor, city of Miami Beach; Dr. Thomas James, Miami; Israel Milton, Director of Human Services, Dade County; Honorable Claude Pepper, a Representative in Congress from the State of Florida and Chairman, House Rules Committee; Dr. James Perry, Florida Medical Association; David Pingree, Secretary of Health and Rehabilitative Services, State of Florida; Max Serchuk, President, Florida State Council of Senior Citizens and Dade County Council of Senior Citizens; Elliott Stern, Associate Director, Miami Jewish Home and Hospital for the Aged; Merrett Stierheim, Dade County Manager; Dr. Louis W. Sullivan, President, Morehouse School of Medicine; Monsignor Bryan O. Walsh, President, Catholic Community Services; Albert Whitehall, American Association of Retired Persons (accompanied by John Denning, President-Elect); Leon W. Zucker, Vice President for Finance, Jackson Memorial Hospital Miami.

February 20, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Rudolph G. Penner, Director, Congressional Budget Office (accompanied by Eric Hanushek, Deputy Director, CBO).

February 21, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable James A. Baker III, Secretary of the Treasury.

February 27, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable David A. Stockman, Director, office of Management and Budget.

February 28, 1985. Open. Hearings on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable John R. Block, Secretary of Agriculture (accompanied by Randy M. Russell, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Economics and Stephen B. Dewhurst, Budget Officer, Department of Agriculture).

March 5, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable Samuel R. Pierce, Jr., Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

March 6, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable Paul A. Volcker, Chairman, Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System.

March 7, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary of Defense (accompanied by Gen. John W. Vessey, Jr., U.S. Army, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff); Honorable Margaret M. Heckler, Secretary of Health and Human Services.

March 8, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary of Commerce.

March 11, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Van P. Smith, President, Ontario Corp. and Chairman of the Board, Chamber of Commerce of the United States; Robert D. Kilpatrick, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, CIGNA Corp., and Chairman, Business Roundtable Budget Task Force; Alexander B. Trowbridge, President, National Association of Manufacturers; Thomas R. Donahue, Secretary-Treasurer, AFL–CIO (accompanied by Peggy Taylor, Legislative Representative; Ray Dennison, Director of Legislation; and Rudy Oswald, Director of Economic Research); Honorable John Carlin, Governor, State of Kansas, on behalf of the National Governors' Association; Honorable Roland A. Luedtke, Mayor, Lincoln, NE, on behalf of the National League of Cities; Marian Wright Edelman, President, Children's Defense Fund.

March 12, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Willard Gourley, President, Northwestern Mortgage Corp., Charlotte, NC, on behalf of Mortgage Bankers Association; John J. Koelemij, Tallahassee, FL, on behalf of the National Association of Home Builders; David D. Roberts Mobile, AL, on behalf of the National Association of Realtors; Floyd H. Hyde, President, the National Housing Conference, Inc.; Peter N. Liacouras, President, Temple University; John Brademas, President, New York University; Leonard Ware, Student, University of Maryland; Honorable Joseph Riley, Mayor, Charleston, SC, and Vice President, U.S. Conference of Mayors; Honorable Raymond Flynn, Mayor, Boston, MA, on behalf of the U.S. Conference of Mayors; Linda Tarr-Whelan, Director of Government Relations, National Education Association; Constance E. Clayton, Ph.D., Superintendent, Philadelphia Public Schools, on behalf of the Council of the Great City Schools; Larry E. Salci, President, Transit America, Inc.; Richard Griffin, Jr., Director of Government Relations, General Signal

Corp.; Anthony J. Romersa, Vice President, Vapor, Corp.; Stephen L. Edmiston, Deputy National Legislative Director, Disabled American Veterans; Vita Ostrander, President, American Association of Retired Persons.

March 20, 1985. Open. Hearing on Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986; witnesses: Honorable Richard K. Armey, a Representative in Congress from Texas; Honorable Berkley Bedell, a Representative in Congress from Iowa; Honorable Charles E. Bennett, a Representative in Congress from Florida; Honorable Tom Bevill, a Representative in Congress from Alabama; Honorable William E. Dannemeyer, a Representative in Congress from California; Honorable Ron de Lugo, a Representative in Congress from the Virgin Islands; Honorable David Dreier, a Representative in Congress from California; Honorable Robert W. Edgar, a Representative in Congress from California and Honorable Stewart B. McKinney, a Representative in Congress from Connecticut, Cochairmen, Task Force on the Budget of the Northeast-Midwest Congressional Coalition; Honorable Bill Frenzel, a Representative in Congress from Minnesota, Honorable Samuel Gejdenson, a Representative in Congress from Connecticut, Honorable Benjamin A. Gilman, a Representative in Congress from New York; Honorable Augustus F. Hawkins, a Representative in Congress from California; Honorable Jerry Huckaby, a Representative in Congress from Louisiana; Honorable James R. Jones, a Representative in Congress from Oklahoma; Honorable Bruce A. Morris, a Representative in Congress from Connecticut; Honorable Henry J. Nowak, a Representative in Congress from New York; Honorable David Obey, a Representative in Congress from Wisconsin; Honorable Mary Rose Oakar, a Representative in Congress from Ohio; Honorable James R. Olin, a Representative in Congress from Virginia; Honorable Timothy J. Penny, a Representative in Congress from Minnesota; Honorable Claude Pepper, a Representative in Congress from Florida; John H. Perry, Jr., Chairman, Americans for the National Dividend Act; Honorable J.J. Pickle, a Representative in Congress from Texas; Honorable John E. Porter, a Representative in Congress from Illinois; Honorable Charles B. Rangel, a Representative in Congress from New York; Honorable William B. Richardson, a Representative in Congress from New Mexico and Chairman, Congressional Hispanic Caucus; Honorable Patricia Schroeder, a Representative in Congress from Colorado; Honorable Christopher H. Smith, a Representative in Congress from New Jersey; Honorable Thomas J. Tauke, a Representative in Congress from Iowa; Honorable Henry A. Waxman, a Representative in Congress from California; Honorable Ted Weiss, a Representative in Congress from New York; Stanley A. Weiss, President, Business Executives for National Security, Inc. (accompanied by Michael Burns, Legislative Liaison); Honorable Robert E. Wise, a Representative in Congress from West Virginia; Honorable Edwin V. Zschau, a Representative in Congress from California.

May 15, 1985. Open. Meeting to consider the First Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1986.

May 15, 1985. Closed. Meeting to mark up the First Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1986.

May 16, 1985. Closed. Meeting to continue consideration of the First Budget Resolution for Fiscal Year 1986.

October 3, 1985. Open. Meeting to consider reconciliation savings as recommended by committees pursuant to Section 2 of S. Con. Res. 32, the First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 1986.

October 8, 1985. Open. Meeting to consider the request for a rule for consideration of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, H.R. 3500.

January 28, 1986. Open. Organizational meeting for operation of the Committee during the second session of the 99th Congress.

February 7, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable Caspar W. Weinberger, Secretary of Defense; Adm. William J. Crowe, Jr., USN, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff.

February 10, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Chicago, IL); witnesses: Honorable Harold Washington, Mayor, Chicago, IL; Martin Wright Edelman, President, Children's Defense Fund (accompanied by Mary Bourdette, Legislative Director, Children's Defense Fund); Pat Sharpe, Executive Director, Hull House Association; Nancy J. Johnstone, Executive Director, Youth Guidance; Gerald J. Prete, President, Illinois State Council of Senior Citizens; Leo Melamed, Chairman, Chicago Mercantile Exchange; John Stroger, Chairman, Cook County Finance Committee (accompanied by Susan Hayes, Cook County Government and former President, National Association of County Community Development Directors); James A. Fitch, President, South Chicago Development Commission; Manny Hoffman, Village President, Village of Homewood; Manford Byrd, Jr., General Superintendent of Schools, Chicago Board of Education; Michael A. Cardilli, President, Chicago Transit Authority (accompanied by Theodore Weigle, Executive Director, Regional Transportation Authority); Paul Booth, Illinois Area Director, American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees; Donald Jones, American Federation of Government Employees; Rev. John T. Richardson, President, DePaul University; Elam Hertzler, Chief of Staff, Illinois Board of Education; Russell Arndt, Former President, National Corn Growers Association, and family farmer; Jean A. Leising, Indiana Vice President, National Corn Growers Association, and family farmer; John Rita, Chairman, Work Program Committee, Chicago Area Transportation Study, and former Mayor of Blue Island, IL; Dorothy Maeda, Past President, Northwest Community Organization; Jeremy Tachau, Student, University of Illinois.

February 11, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Lowell, MA); witnesses: Honorable Bob Kennedy, Mayor, Lowell, MA; Honorable Michael Dukakis, Governor, Commonwealth of Massachusetts; Honorable Raymond L. Flynn, Mayor, Boston, MA; Ira Jackson, Commissioner of Revenue, Commonwealth of Massachusetts; John Vranna, Director, California State Amnesty Program; Paul McDaniel, Professor, Boston College Law School; Paul Tsongas, former U.S. Senator from Massachusetts; Arthur Robbins, owner, Lowell Hilton Hotel; James Milinazzo, Executive Director, Lowell Development and Financial

Corp.; Yim Yi, Job Training Partnership Act Graduate; William W. Kaufmann, Professor, J.F.K. School of Government, Harvard University; Robert Gough, Senior Vice President, Data Resources, Inc.; Kosta Tsipis, Director, Program in Science and Technology for International Security, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

February 12, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Tallahassee, FL); witnesses: Honorable Bob Graham, Governor of State of Florida; Honorable Harvey Ruvin, County Commissioner, Dade County, FL; Honorable William Kline, Mayor, Sarasota, FL; David H. Pingree, Secretary, Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services; Margaret H. Jacks, Chair, Florida Ombudsman Panels of Senior Citizens; Budd Bell, Coordinator, Clearinghouse on Human Services; Rocco Ruggiero, President, Florida Federation of Chapters, National Association of Retired Federal Employees; L.K. Cannon, Past President, Citrus County Retired Officers Association; Phil Emmer, Home Builders Association of Flordia (accompanied by Jack Demetree); Thomas M. French, Jr., Chairman of the Board, Stockton, Whatley and Davin Co., and Director of Mortgage Banking, Bank of Boston on behalf of Mortgage Bankers Association of America; Jim Davis, Budget Officer, Florida Division, Vocational and Adult Education; Robert R. Dempsey, Commissioner, Florida Department of Law Enforcement; Gen. Bob Ensslin, Adjutant General, Florida National Guard; Simon F. Stover, Director, Florida Division of Veterans' Affairs; H. Michael Hahn, Executive Director, Florida Commission on Veterans' Affairs; Charles M. McLeod, National Service Officer, Disabled American Veterans.

February 13, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Dallas, TX); witnesses: Honorable Mark White, Governor, State of Texas; Mack Wallace, Chairman and Senior Member, Railroad Commission of Texas; L. Frank Pitts, Pitts Oil Co., Dallas; Don D. Montgomery, Jr., Montgomery Co., Ltd., Dallas; Ben F. Love, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Texas Commerce Bancshares, Inc., Houston; Barbara B. Reagan, Ph.D., Professor, Department of Economics, Southern Methodist University, Dallas; Honorable James Oberstar, a Representative in Congress from Minnesota and Chairman, Subcommittee on Investigations and Oversight of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation; Alan R. Stephen, Executive Vice President, Regional Airline Association; Capt. Melvin Hoagland, Airline Pilots Association; Robert J. Serafin, Director, Atmospheric Technology Division, National Center for Atmospheric Research; Honorable Kathryn J. Whitmire, Mayor, Houston, TX; Honorable John Wiley Price, Dallas County Commissioner; Dr. Ron J. Anderson, President and Chief Executive Officer, Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, and Chairman, Texas Board of Health; Maria Elena A. Flood, Texas Tech School of Medicine; Honorable Nancy McDonald, Member, Texas State House of Representatives, District 73; Fredna White, Texas Coordinator, American Federation of Government Employees; Honorable Bill Ceverha, Member, Texas State House of Representatives.

February 14, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (San Francisco, CA); witnesses: Honorable Dianne Feinstein, Mayor, San Francisco; Tom Malinowski, Student, on behalf of the University of California National Student Lobby; Dr. David Werdegar, Director of Public Health, City and County of San Francisco; James Kinney, President, Guild Mortgage Co., on behalf of Mortgage Bankers Association, San Diego; Douglas P. Wheeler, Executive Director, Sierra Club, San Francisco; William K. Latham, Assistant General Manager for Consumer Services, Sacramento Municipal Utility District; Lawrence D. Dahms, Executive Director, Metropolitan Transportation Commission; Keith Bernard, General Manager, San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District; Raul L. Regalado, Director of Aviation, City of San Jose International Airport.

February 18, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable James C. Miller III, Director, Office of Management and Budget.

February 19, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable James A. Baker III, Secretary of the Treasury; Robert F. Dee, Chairman of the Board, National Association of Manufacturers and Chairman of the Board, Smithkline Beckman Corporation; Frank L. Morsani, Chairman, Chamber of Commerce of the United States; Robert D. Kilpatrick, Chairman, Budget Task Force of the Business Roundtable.

February 20, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable Otis R. Bowen, Secretary of Health and Human Services (accompanied by Henry Desmaris, Acting Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration; Robert Helms, Acting Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation; and Joann Ross, Associate Commissioner for Family Assistance, Social Security Administration); Rudolph G. Penner, Director, Congressional Budget Office (accompanied by Edward Gramlich, Deputy Director).

February 21, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Alan Greenspan, President, Townsend-Greenspan, Inc.; Alan S. Blinder, Gordon S. Rentschler Memorial Professor of Economics, Princeton University; Barry P. Bosworth, Senior Fellow, the Brookings Institution; Benjamin L. Hooks, Executive Director, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; John E. Jacob, President and Chief Executive Officer, National Urban League, Inc.

February 25, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable David R. Obey, a Representative in Congress from Wisconsin and Chairman, Joint Economic Committee; Honorable E. (Kika) de la Garza, a Representative in Congress from Texas and Chairman, Agriculture Committee; Honorable Claude Pepper, a Representative in Congress from Florida and Chairman, Rules Committee; Honorable Jim Moody, a Representative in Congress from Wisconsin; Honorable Norman Y. Mineta, a Representative in Congress from California; Honorable Arlan Stangeland, a Representative in Congress from Minnesota; Honorable Jim Weaver, a Representative in Congress from Oregon and Chairman, Subcommittee on General Oversight, Northwest Power and Forest Management of the Inte-

rior and Insular Affairs Committee; Honorable Morris K. Udall, a Representative in Congress from Arizona and Chairman, Interior and Insular Affairs Committee; Honorable Ron de Lugo, a Representative in Congress from the Virgin Islands; Honorable Byron L. Dorgan, a Representative in Congress from North Dakota; Honorable Dan Rostenkowski, a Representative in Congress from Illinois and Chairman, Ways and Means Committee; Honorable John Carlin, Governor, State of Kansas; Honorable William J. Janklow, Governor, State of South Dakota; Honorable Bill Clinton, Governor, State of Arkansas; Honorable Don Fuqua, a Representative in Congress from Florida and Chairman, Science and Technology Committee; Honorable Bob McEwen, a Representative in Congress from Ohio; Honorable Henry J. Nowak, a Representative in Congress from New York and Chairman, Subcommittee on Economic Development of the Public Works and Transportation Committee; Honorable Patricia Schroeder, a Representative in Congress from Colorado; Honorable Dante B. Fascell, a Representative in Congress from Florida and Chairman, Foreign Affairs Committee; Honorable Daniel A. Mica, a Representative in Congress from Florida, and Chairman, Subcommittee on International Operations of the Foreign Affairs Committee; Honorable Jaime B. Fuster, a Representative in Congress from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; Honorable Peter J. Visclosky, a Representative in Congress from Indiana.

February 26, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable Paul A. Volcker, Chairman, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; David O. Maxwell, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Federal National Mortgage Corporation.

February 27, 1986. Open. Hearing on Impact of the President's 1987 Budget; witnesses: Honorable Henry G. Cisneros, Mayor, San Antonio, TX and President, National League of Cities; Honorable Ernest Morial, Mayor, New Orleans, LA and President, U.S. Conference of Mayors; Honorable Chuck Williams, Commissioner, Fulton County, GA and Fourth Vice President, National Association of Counties; Honorable Lucille Maurer, Maryland State Delegate on Behalf of the National Conference of State Legislatures; Honorable Edward Koch, Mayor, New York City; Gerald W. McEntee, President, American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees; Mary Hatwood Futrell, President, National Education Association; Vincent R. Sombrotto, Chair, Fund for Assuring an Independent Retirement (FAIR).

March 14, 1986. Open. Hearing on Economic and Fiscal Conditions in Rural America (Helena, MT); witnesses: Honorable Ted Schwinden, Governor, State of Montana; Ed Argenbright, State Superintendent, Office of Public Instruction, State of Montana; Daniel M. Ogden, Jr., Manager, Public Power Council, Vancouver, WA; Tom Katsilometes, Chairman, Bannock County Commissioners, Pocatello, ID, on behalf of the Idaho Association of Counties and the Association of Cities of the State of Idaho; John Horsley, Commissioner, Kitsap County, WA, and First Vice President, National Association of Counties; Honorable Gene Donaldson, Vice Chairman, House Committee on Appropriations, Montana State Legislature; Honorable Marie McAlear, Commis-

sioner, Madison County; Alec Hensen, Montana League of Cities and Towns. (Worthington, MN) witnesses: Eugene F. Paul, Legislative Coordinator, Minnesota National Farmers Organization; Merlyn Lokensgard, President, Minnesota Farm Bureau Federation; Michael Boehlje, Agricultural Economist, University of Minnesota; John Ryan, Board of Directors, St. Paul District Farm Credits System (accompanied by Ken Kittelson, Farm Credit Service Director, Milan NM); Roanld V. Johnson, President, First National Bank, Jackson, MN; Paul Sobocinski on behalf of Groundswell; Milan Wisniewski, State Farm Advocate; Jim Nichols, Minnesota State Agriculture Commissioner; Earl LaMaack, President, Missouri Basin Municipal Power Agency and General Manager, Alexandria Light and Power; Virgil Winter, General Manager, Southern Minnesota Cooperative Electric Company; Elizabeth H. Russell, Chippewa County Extension Agent; Elmer Walhof, Committee Member, Murray and Pipeston County FmHA; Larry Blaufuss, Citizens United for the Rural Economy (CURE) and Chairman of the Board, LaSalle Farmers Grain Co., Madelia, MN.

May 8, 1986. Open. Meeting to consider the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 1987.

July 17, 1986. Open. Meeting of the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficits Reduction to consider a joint resolution setting forth contents of the report of the Directors of the Office of Management and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office of January 15, 1986, pursuant to section 251(a) of the Balanced Budget Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

July 31, 1986. Open. Meeting to consider reconciliation savings as recommended by committees pursuant to section 2(a) of S. Con. Res. 120, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 1987.

September 12, 1986. Open. Meeting of the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction to hear testimony on the deficit and the sequester calculations from Honorable James C. Miller III, Director, Congressional Budget Office; and Honorable Charles A. Bowsher, Comptroller General of the United States, and to consider a joint resolution complying with the requirements of section 274(f)(1) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

Hearings and Meetings by Task Forces

1. TASK FORCE ON DEFENSE AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

March 28, 1985. Open. Hearing—Defense and the Deficit: A Review of Defense Spending and Its Relationship to National Security; witnesses: Rear Adm. Gene R. La Rocque, U.S. Navy (Ret.), Director, Center for Defense Information; Herbert Stein, Ph.D., Senior Fellow, American Enterprise Institute and former Chairman, President's Council of Economic Advisers; Richard Stubbing, Assistant Provost, Duke University, and former Deputy Chief, National Security Division, OMB; Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt, Jr., U.S. Navy (Ret.), Consultant on national security matters.

2. TASK FORCE ON ECONOMIC POLICY

May 18, 1985. Open. Hearing—Economic Impact of the Budget in Wisconsin (Milwaukee, WI); witnesses: John Gillman, Wisconsin Committee for Peace and Justice; Don Haldeman, President, Wisconsin Farm Federation; Earl Hawkins, Director of Budget and Management, city of Milwaukee; Honorable Paul Keenan, Mayor of Waukesha, WI; Sophie Leiner; Fred Linder, Director, Milwaukee County Executive Office on Aging; John Lundquist, National Vietnam Veterans Against the War; Ken Ludlow, Resident, Milwaukee; Walter Lueder, Dairy Farmer, Dodge County; Frank Martinelli, President, Jobs With Peace; Paul F. Mathews, County Supervisor, Milwaukee County; Paul Mezera, Dairy Farmer, Fond du Lac County; Frank Miller; Ray E. Odya, President, Greater Milwaukee Re-Employment Corp.; Porter Harvey; Joe Rody; Bob Russell, President, UAW Local 248, West Allis; David F. Schulz, Budget Director, Milwaukee County; Timothy R. Sheeby, Legislative Director, Milwaukee Association of Commerce; Gloria Sison, former schoolteacher; Donald Sykes, Executive Director, Community Relations-Social Development Commission, Milwaukee County; Arthur Tyson, President, Milwaukee Chapter of the National Federation of the Blind; Jill Walli, Student, Alverno College; Ozella Williams.

October 19, 1985. Open. Hearing—International Trade and the Federal Deficit (Irving, TX); witnesses: Honorable Jim Chapman, a Representative in Congress from Texas; Tom Blackwood, Interim Director, Mid-Atlantic Trade Adjustment Assistance Center, Little Rock, AR; John K. Meagher, Vice President, Government Relations, LTV Corp., Washington, DC; Frank Pitts, President, Pitts Oil Co., Dallas; Early Clowers, Houston; Honorable William Goodman, Mayor, Miami, OK; Lawrence J. Rhoades, President, Extrude Hone Corp., Irwin, PA; Nilda Quintanilla, McAllen; Phil Mahan, Executive Vice President, Amber Refining, Inc., Abilene; H.J. Weiler, Vice President, Government Affairs, Association of Commerce and Industry of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM;

Jimmy Lewis, President, UAW Bell Helicopter Local, Hurst (accompanied by Steve Beckman, UAW Washington Office); J.W. Chenoweth, Manager, International Trade Affairs, Lone Star Steel Co.

November 20, 1985. Open. Joint hearing with Task Force on Human Resources—Relationship of Budget Policy to Unemployment; witnesses: Nathaniel M. Semple, Vice President, Committee for Economic Development; Bishop Joseph A. Francis, Auxiliary Bishop of Newark, on behalf of the United States Catholic Conference; Charles F. Stone, Ph.D., Economist, the Urban Institute; Isabel V. Sawhill, Ph.D., Economist, the Urban Institute; Lawrence H. Summers, Ph.D., Professor of Economics, Harvard University.

6. TASK FORCE ON COMMUNITY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

October 3, 1985. Open. Hearing—Budgetary Issues Affecting the Great Lakes Basin; witnesses: Alfred M. Beeton, Director, Michigan Sea Grant College Program; Jane E. Elder, Midwest Representative, on behalf of the Sierra Club; Honorable Paul B. Henry, a Representative in Congress from Michigan; Ed Hopkins, Environmental Policy Assistant to Gov. Richard F. Celeste of Ohio; John Jackson, Canadian-at-Large, Great Lakes United and Friends of the Earth Canada; Thomas D. Martin, Director, Office of the Great Lakes, Michigan Department of Natural Resources; David Miller, Executive Director, Great Lakes United; Honorable Henry J. Nowak, a Representative in Congress from New York; Michael A. Quigley, Ecologist, Ecosystem and Nutrient Dynamics Group, NOAA, Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory, and President, Local 3908, AFGE; Wayne Schmidt, Staff Ecologist, on behalf of the Michigan United Conservative Clubs.

6. TASK FORCE ON COMMUNITY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

January 22, 1986, Open. Hearing—Urban Infrastructure and Economic Development in American Cities; witnesses: Honorable Richard Berkley, Mayor, Kansas City, MO, and Chairman, Advisory Board, U.S. Conference of Mayors; Honorable Steven B. Carlson, Mayor, Jamestown, NY; Pat Choate, Ph.D., Director of Policy Analysis, TRW, Inc.; Honorable Dianne Feinstein, Mayor, San Francisco, CA, and Chair, Urban Economics Committee, U.S. Conference of Mayors; Ronald F. Kirby, Ph.D., Director of Transportation Studies, the Urban Institute; Honorable Terry McKane, Mayor, Lansing, MI; Ted R. Miller, Ph.D., Senior Research Associate, the Urban Institute; Honorable Ernest N. Morial, Mayor, New Orleans, LA, and President, U.S. Conference of Mayors; Douglas Peterson, Senior Policy Analyst, National League of Cities; Honorable George Voinovich, Mayor, Cleveland, OH; Honorable Harold Washington, Mayor, Chicago, IL.

September 25, 1986. Open. Hearing—Federal Budgetary Policies and the Great Lakes Basin; witnesses: Peter L. Wise, Director, Great Lakes National Program Office, EPA; Bonnie L. Loenig, Acting Executive Director, Council of Great Lakes Governors; Thomas D. Martin, Director, Michigan Office of the Great Lakes;

David M. Wagner, Deputy Commissioner, Indiana Department of Environmental Management.

7. TASK FORCE ON HEALTH

September 30, 1985. Open. Hearing—Medicare's Prospective Payment System; witness: Honorable Henry A. Waxman, a Representative in Congress from California and Chairman, Subcommittee on Health and the Environment of the House Committee on Energy and Commerce; Rudolph G. Penner, Director, Congressional Budget Office (accompanied by Steven Sheingold, Principal Analyst); C. McClain Haddow, Acting Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration, Department of Health and Human Services (accompanied by Henry R. Desmarias, M.D., Acting Deputy Administrator); Dr. Donald A. Young, Executive Director, Prospective Payment Assessment Commission

October 7, 1985. Open. Hearing—Medicare's Prospective Payment System; witnesses: Dr. Ron J. Anderson, President and Chief Executive Officer, Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, TX, on behalf of the National Association of Public Hospitals (accompanied by Larry S. Gage, President, NAPH); Carl J. Schramm, Director, Center for Hospital Finance and Management, John Hopkins University, Baltimore; Dr. Charles Buck, Executive Director, Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, on behalf of the Association of American Medical Colleges (accompanied by Nancy Seline, Staff Associate, AAMC); Patricia Davis, Executive Director, Humana Hospital-Huntsville, Huntsville, AL, on behalf of the Federation of American Hospitals (accompanied by Mary R. Grealy, Executive Counsel, FAH); Carter T. Melton, President, Rockingham Memorial Hospital, Harrisonburg, VA, on behalf of the American Hospital Association.

October 21, 1985. Open. Hearing—Medicare's Prospective Payment System; System; witnesses: Honorable Claude Pepper, a Representative in Congress from Florida; Alan P. Spielman, Executive Director, Government Relations, on behalf of Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association (accompanied by Michael Brown, Director of Medicare Policy); Dr. William R. Felts, Chairman, Council on Legislation, on behalf of the American Medical Association (accompanied by Bruce Blehart, Assistant Director, Department of Federal Legislation, AMA; Russell Heerem, Member, National Legislative Council on behalf of the American Association of Retired Persons (accompanied by Jack Christie, Legislative Staff, AARP); Margaret J. Cushman, M.S.N., R.N., Executive Vice President, Visiting Nurse and Home Care, Hartford-Waterbury Region, on behalf of the National Association for Home Care; Mary Fisher, M.S.N., R.N., Director of Nursing, Thomas Jefferson Health District, Virginia, on behalf of the American Nurses' Association; Paul R. Willging, Ph.D., Executive Vice President, on behalf of the American Health Care Association.

II. Concurrent Resolutions on the Budget—99th Congress

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 152

First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1986

That the Congress hereby determines and declares that the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1985 is hereby revised and replaced, the first concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1986 is hereby established, and the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 1987 and 1988 are hereby set forth:

(a) The following budgetary levels are appropriate for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1984, October 1, 1985, October 1, 1986, and October 1, 1987:

(1) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $736,050,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $794,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $866,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $955,600,000,000.

and the amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $0.
Fiscal year 1986: $1,450,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $3,100,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for hospital insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $44,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $51,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $56,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $61,300,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $186,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $200,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $216,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $248,250,000,000.

(2) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $1,039,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $1,051,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,125,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,205,300,000,000.

(3) The appropriate levels of total new budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $941,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $959,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,022,450,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,073,650,000,000.

(4) The amounts of the deficits in the budget which are appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $205,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $165,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $156,450,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $118,050,000,000.

(5) The appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $1,857,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $2,089,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $2,320,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $2,536,500,000,000.

and the amounts by which the statutory limits on such debt should be accordingly increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985: $33,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1986: $232,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $231,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $215,800,000,000.

(6) The appropriate levels of total Federal credit activity for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1984, October 1, 1985, October 1, 1986, and October 1, 1987, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1985:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $51,950,000,000.
(B) New Primary loan guarantee commitments, $68,800,000,000.
(C) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1986:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $38,050,000,000.
(B) New Primary loan guarantee commitments, $74,600,000,000.
(C) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $37,000,000,000.
(B) New Primary loan guarantee commitments, $73,000,000,000.
(C) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $36,450,000,000.
(B) New Primary loan guarantee commitments, $76,900,000,000.
(C) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

(b) The Congress hereby determines and declares the appropriate levels of budget authority and budget outlays, and the appropriate levels of new direct loan obligations and new loan guarantee commitments for fiscal years 1985 through 1988 for each major functional category are:

(1) National Defense (050):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $291,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $252,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $292,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $267,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $312,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $285,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $335,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $303,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(2) International Affairs (150):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $24,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $17,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $10,050,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $20,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $18,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $10,350,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $19,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $17,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $10,750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,750,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $20,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $16,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $11,000,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $11,200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $9,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $9,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $9,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $9,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $9,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $9,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $9,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(4) Energy (270):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, −$2,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $100,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $3,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $4,100,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $3,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $3,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
Fiscal year 1985:

(A) New budget authority, $13,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $13,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $13,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $13,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(6) Agriculture (350):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $22,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $18,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $13,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $14,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $13,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,700,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $16,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $15,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,750,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $14,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $14,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $11,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $5,750,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
Fiscal year 1985:

(A) New budget authority, $6,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $6,550,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $26,450,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $5,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $27,100,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $6,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $6,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $28,650,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $6,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $6,650,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $30,450,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $68,250,000,000.

(8) Transportation (400):

Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $29,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $28,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $30,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $28,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $31,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $29,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(9) Community and Regional Development (450):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $6,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $150,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $7,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $7,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $200,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $32,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,750,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $32,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,050,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $33,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,100,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,350,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $33,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $9,600,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(11) Health (550):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $33,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $33,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $36,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $35,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $38,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $38,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $250,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $41,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $40,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(12) Medical Insurance (570):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $71,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $65,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $81,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $68,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New budget authority, $91,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $75,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $95,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $84,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(13) Income Security (600):

Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $160,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $129,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $14,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $158,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $121,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,850,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $167,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $127,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $2,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $175,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $133,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,750,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(14) Social Security (650):

Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $195,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $189,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $207,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $200,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $224,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $214,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $264,650,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $228,300,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

Fiscal year 1985:

(A) New budget authority, $27,400,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $26,500,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,300,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $16,800,000,000.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1986:

(A) New budget authority, $27,450,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $26,800,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,300,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $17,650,000,000.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New budget authority, $27,650,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $27,350,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,200,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $18,750,000,000.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $28,050,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $27,800,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,100,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $20,900,000,000.

(E) New secondary, loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(16) Administration of Justice (750):

Fiscal year 1985:

(A) New budget authority, $6,650,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $6,450,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1986:

(A) New budget authority, $6,900,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $6,800,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New budget authority, $7,050,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $7,000,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $7,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(17) General Government (800):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $5,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $5,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $5,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $5,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(18) General Purpose Fiscal Assistance (850):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $6,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $5,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $1,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $2,100,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $2,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(19) Net Interest (900):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $129,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $129,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $140,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $140,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $150,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $150,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $153,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $153,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

(20) Allowances (920):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, $300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, −$4,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$4,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, −$4,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$4,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, −$700,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, −$1,000,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, −$3,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$3,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, −$1,300,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, −$1,800,000,000.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(21) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
Fiscal year 1985:
(A) New budget authority, −$32,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$32,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, −$39,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$39,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, −$36,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$36,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, −$39,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$39,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(E) New secondary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

UNIFIED AND OFF-BUDGET TOTALS

SEC. 2. (a) The following budgetary levels reflecting both the unified budget and off-budget transactions are appropriate for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1985, October 1, 1986, and October 1, 1987:

(1) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $794,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $866,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $955,600,000,000.

and the amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $1,450,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $3,100,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for hospital insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $51,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $56,100,000,000
Fiscal year 1988: $61,300,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $200,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $216,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $248,250,000,000.

(2) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $1,062,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,134,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,212,800,000,000.

(3) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $967,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $1,028,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,080,000,000,000.

(4) The amounts of the deficits in the budget which are appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors are as follows:

Fiscal year 1986: $173,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987: $162,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $124,400,000,000.

(b) The appropriate levels of budget authority and budget outlays for fiscal years 1986 through 1988 reflecting both the unified budget and off-budget transactions for each major functional category are:

(1) National Defense (050):

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $292,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $267,100,000,000.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $312,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $285,200,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $335,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $303,900,000,000.

(2) International Affairs (150):

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $21,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $18,600,000,000.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $20,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $16,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $20,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $16,200,000,000.

(3) General Science, Space and Technology (250):

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $9,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $9,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,900,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $9,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,950,000,000.

(4) Energy (270):

Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $6,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,350,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $5,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,650,000,000.

(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $13,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $13,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $13,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,200,000,000.

(6) Agriculture (350):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $18,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $15,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $17,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $16,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $15,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $15,000,000,000.

(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $8,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $9,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $9,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,700,000,000.

(8) Transportation (400):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $28,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,450,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $30,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $28,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $31,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $29,500,000,000.

(9) Community and Regional Development (450):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $7,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New budget authority, $7,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,050,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $8,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,950,000,000.
(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $32,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $31,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $33,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,100,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $33,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,950,000,000.
(11) Health (550):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $36,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $35,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $38,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $38,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $41,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $40,800,000,000.
(12) Medical Insurance (570):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $81,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $68,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $91,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $75,550,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $95,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $84,600,000,000.
(13) Income Security (600):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $158,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $121,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $167,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $127,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $175,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $133,850,000,000.
(14) Social Security (650):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $207,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $200,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $224,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $214,050,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $264,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $228,300,000,000.
(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $27,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $27,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $27,350,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $28,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $27,800,000,000.
(16) Administration of Justice (750):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $6,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,800,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $7,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $7,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,150,000,000.
(17) General Government (800):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $5,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $5,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $5,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,450,000,000.
(18) General Purpose Fiscal Assistance (850):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $5,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,650,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $1,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $2,100,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,100,000,000.
(19) Net Interest (900):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority, $140,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $140,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $150,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $150,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $153,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $153,850,000,000.
(20) Allowances (920):
Fiscal year 1986:

(A) New budget authority, −$4,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$4,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority,—$4,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays,—$4,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority,—$3,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays,—$3,150,000,000.
(21) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
Fiscal year 1986:
(A) New budget authority,—$39,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays,—$39,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority,—$36,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays,—$36,550,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority,—$39,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays,—$39,750,000,000.

RECONCILIATION

SEC. 3. (a) Not later than 30 calendar days after final action on this resolution, the House committees named in subsection (b) through (k) of this section shall submit their recommendations to the House Budget Committee. After receiving those recommendations, the Committee on the Budget shall report to the House a reconciliation bill or resolution or both carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.

(b) The House Committee on Agriculture shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce budget authority by $1,000,000,000 and outlays by $1,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of $1,800,000,000 in budget authority and $1,800,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $4,100,000,000 in budget authority and $4,100,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(c) The House Committee on Education and Labor shall report changes in laws within the juridiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1988.

(d) The House Committee on Energy and Commerce shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce outlays by $3,423,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in further years requires decreases of outlays by $4,277,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of outlays by $5,145,000,000 in fiscal year 1988.

(e) The House Committee on Government Operations shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient

to reduce budget authority by $1,712,000,000 and outlays by $926,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of $5,387,000,000 in budget authority and $4,100,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $5,639,000,000 in budget authority and $5,457,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(f) The House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce budget authority by $4,000,000,000 and outlays by $4,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires increases of $1,504,000,000 in budget authority and $1,504,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires increases of $1,029,000,000 in budget authority and $1,029,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(g) The House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce budget authority by $50,000,000 and outlays by $50,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of $50,000,000 in budget authority and $50,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $50,000,000 in budget authority and $50,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(h) The House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce budget authority by $145,000,000 and outlays by $445,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of $145,000,000 in budget authority and $145,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $154,000,000 in budget authority and $154,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(i) The House Committee on Public Works and Transportation shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce outlays by $100,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of $500,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $600,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

(j) The House Committee on Veterans' Affairs shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee which provide spending authority defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority by $300,000,000 and outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires decreases of budget authority by $300,000,000 and outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of budget authority by $300,000,000 and outlays by $300,000,000 in fiscal year 1988.

(k) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall report changes in laws within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce budget authority by $473,000,000 and outlays by $4,196,000,000 in fiscal year 1986; further the Congress finds that to attain the policy of this resolution in future years requires de-

creases of $493,000,000 in budget authority and $5,070,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1987; and requires decreases of $513,000,000 in budget authority and $5,958,000,000 in outlays in fiscal year 1988.

AUTOMATIC SECOND BUDGET RESOLUTION

SEC. 4. (a) Effective October, 1, 1985, this concurrent resolution shall be deemed to be the concurrent resolution on the budget for the 1986 fiscal year required to be reported under section 310(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, for the purposes of the prohibition contained in section 311 of such act.

(b) Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, as made applicable by subsection (a) of this section, shall not apply to bills, resolutions, or amendments within the jurisdiction of a committee, or any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

(1) the enactment of such bill or resolution as reported;

(2) the adoption and enactment of such amendment; or

(3) the enactment of such bill or resolution in the form recommended in such conference report;

would not cause the appropriate allocation for such committee of new discretionary budget authority or new spending authority as described in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 made pursuant to section 302(a) of such Act for fiscal year 1986 to be exceeded.

(c)(1) If any legislation is enacted which would cause budget authority and outlays for "off-budget, spending programs to be included in the unified budget, and to be included in the budget totals for budget authority and outlays, the budget authority and outlays for such programs shall not be included in determining whether legislation violates section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as made effective by subsections (a) and (b).

(2) This subsection shall only apply to legislation providing for the inclusion in the unified budget authority and outlays associated with such programs (and the amount of budget authority and outlays associated with such programs) designated in the accompanying report.

(d) The provisions of this section shall cease to apply when Congress completes action on a subsequent concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1986 pursuant to section 304 or 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

WIC FUNDING

SEC. 5. It is the sense of the Congress that the amount of budget authority and outlays set forth in this concurrent resolution for the functional category of Income Security for fiscal year 1985 are sufficent to ensure that $1,500,000,000 is apportioned among the States to carry out the Special Supplemental Food Program authorizing by section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (commonly referred to as the WIC program); and it is assumed that the Office of Management and Budget should therefore release and apportion to the States the full amount of $1,500,000,000, which was appropriated for the WIC program for fiscal year 1985 since—

(1) Public Law 98–473 provided that, in carrying out the WIC program, funds shall be apportioned to the States based on an annual appropriation level of $1,500,000,000;

(2) the Conference Report on H.R. 5743 (H. Rept. 98–1071), the Agriculture, Rural Development and Related Agency Appropriation Act, 1985, which was incorporated in Public Law 98–473, expresses the conferees' intent that the WIC program be carried out in such a manner as to fully obligate the $1,500,000,000 appropriated by Public Law 98–473 for such program for fiscal year 1985;

(3) such Conference Report also explicitly stated that any action to allocate funds inconsistent with a full-year appropriation level of $1,500,000,000 for the WIC program would be an improper withholding of funds; and

(4) the Office of Management and Budget has not made available to the Department of Agriculture for distribution to the States the full amount of funds intended by Congress to be allocated to the WIC program in any of the first three quarters of fiscal year 1985, and has not made funds available for such program during such quarters at the rate intended by the Congress.

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONFERENCE

SEC. 6. It is the sense of the Congress that the Administration should call for the convening of an international monetary conference this year with the express purpose of exploring options to stabilize currency exchange rates, reduce interest rates, promote maximum domestic and world economic growth, and help assure domestic price stability.

TAX REFORM

SEC. 7. (a) The House of Representatives finds that—

(1) the existing tax structure of the United States distorts economic activity, leading to an inefficient use of national resources and a weakening of our domestic economic vitiality and competitive posture in international markets;

(2) the relative tax burdens among various taxpayer categories are manifestly unfair insofar as they arise from differences in the capabilities of taxpayers to take advantage of complicated tax laws;

(3) the ability of the Federal Government to plan and conduct rational fiscal policy is frustrated by elaborate schemes to avoid taxation and the unintended effects of tax incentives and penalties;

(4) progressive erosion of voluntary compliance threatens the fiscal integrity of our public finances and the confidence of our citizens in the Federal Government's capacity to govern; and

(5) a number of plans, each designed to simplify and reform the Tax Code, have been before the Congress for a time sufficient to allow for extensive analysis and evaluation.

(b) It is therefore the sense of the House of Representatives that tax reform should be adopted as soon as possible, and that it should incorporate the following principles and objectives—

(1) efficiency and responsiveness to market conditions in the economic activities of American businesses and consumers;

(2) simplicity of structure and lower marginal tax rates;

(3) a fair and equitable distribution of the tax burden among all taxpayers, with relief for those below the poverty level, and incentives to bring them into the work force;

(4) a broader tax base, with deductions essential to avoid genuine hardship or to protect the economic security of the American people; and

(5) increased incentives for work, saving, and investment.

LIMITATION ON BENEFITS TO ALIENS

SEC. 8. It is the sense of the Congress that functional totals should be reduced to reflect a limitation on the amount of social security benefits paid to illegal and nonresident aliens. It is assumed that the Ways and Means Committee will report legislation to accomplish the required changes in law. Such legislation may limit benefits to the amount of the wage-earner's contribution plus interest, unless the wage earner is a citizen of a country with which the United States has a treaty or totalization agreement. This provision would apply to individuals becoming eligible on or after January 1, 1986.

COMMITTEE REVIEW OF THE PRESIDENT'S PRIVATE SECTOR SURVEY ON COST CONTROL

SEC. 9. It is the sense of the House of Representatives that—

(1) each of its standing committees should review and study, on a continuing basis, those portions of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control affecting subjects within its jurisdiction;

(2) each of its standing committees should, in its consideration of any bill or joint resolution of a public character within its jurisdiction, review those portions of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control pertaining to such bill or resolution; and

(3) each report of any such committee on a bill or joint resolution of a public character should contain—

(A) an identification of each recommendation of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control implemented in such bill or resolution and the estimated dollar amount of program cost savings or revenue enhancement as a result of the implementation of each such recommendation; and

(B) a statement setting forth each recommendation of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control pertaining to such bill or resolution, the disposition of each such recommendation, and the reasons for such disposition.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 337

Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1987

That the Congress hereby determines and declares that the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1987 is established and the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 1988 and 1999 are set forth.

(a) The following levels and amounts are set forth for purposes of determining in accordance with section 301(i) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, as amended by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 whether the maximum deficit amount for a fiscal year has been exceeded:

(1) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $857,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $941,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $1,011,900,000,000.

(2) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $1,086,350,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,159,650,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $1,205,350,000,000.

(3) The appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $994,250,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $1,047,050,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $1,076,150,000,000.

(4) The amounts of the deficits are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $137,050,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $105,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $64,250,000,000.

(b) The following budgetary levels are appropriate for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1986, October 1, 1987, and October 1, 1988:

(1) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $643,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $700,550,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $750,750,000,000.

and the amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be increased are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $10,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $17,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $17,700,000,000.

and of those amounts by which revenues should be increased, the following amounts shall be used solely for the purpose of reducing the deficits below the maximum deficits amounts:

Fiscal year 1987: $4,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $11,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $10,500,000,000.

and the amounts for Federal Insurance Contributions Act revenues for hospital insurance within the recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $55,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $60,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $64,250,000,000.

(2) The appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $873,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $918,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $944,050,000,000.

(3) The appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $798,200,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $840,150,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $857,650,000,000.

(4) The amounts of the deficits in the budget which are appropriate in the light of economic conditions and all other relevant factors are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $154,350,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $139,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $106,900,000,000.

(5) The appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987: $2,319,600,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988: $2,516,900,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989: $2,685,100,000,000.

(6) The appropriate levels of total Federal credit activity for the fiscal years beginning on October 1, 1986, October 1, 1987, and October 1, 1988, are as follows:

Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $34,250,000,000.

(B) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $85,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $32,250,000,000.

(B) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $87,300,000,000.

Fiscal year 1989:

(A) New direct loan obligations, $30,600,000,000.

(B) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $87,650,000,000.

(c) The Congress hereby determines and declares the appropriate levels of budget authority and budget outlays, and the appropriate levels of new direct loan obligations, and new primary loan guarantee commitments for fiscal year 1987 through 1989 for each major functional category are:

(1) National Defense (050):

Fiscal year 1987:

(A) New budget authority, $285,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $276,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $295,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $281,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $306,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $290,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(2) International Affairs (150):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $17,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $7,150,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $11,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $17,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $13,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $7,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $11,400,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $15,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $7,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $11,400,000,000.
(3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $8,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $8,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $8,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $8,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(4) Energy (270):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $4,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,950,000,000.

(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $4,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $4,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $4,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $3,750,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $11,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $12,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $11,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $12,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(6) Agriculture (350):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $23,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $23,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $14,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $26,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $24,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $12,100,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,500,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $25,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $21,550,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $11,350,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $8,650,000,000.
(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $9,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $4,450,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $38,750,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $9,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $4,600,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $39,100,000,000.

Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $7,550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $1,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $4,850,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $38,450,000,000.

(8) Transportation (400):

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $24,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $25,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $50,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $26,350,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,450,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $400,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $50,000,000.

Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $26,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $50,000,000.

(9) Community and Regional Development (450):

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $6,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $950,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.

Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $6,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,200,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.

Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $6,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,050,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.

(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):

Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $33,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $30,600,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $32,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $32,300,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,400,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,700,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $33,800,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $33,100,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,250,000,000
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $10,950,000,000.
(11) Health (550):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $38,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $38,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $40,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $40,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $42,700,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $42,800,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $50,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $300,000,000.
(12) Medicare (570):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $83,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $73,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $91,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $81,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $101,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $91,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0
(13) Income Security (600):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $165,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $121,400,000,000.

(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,800,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $172,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $127,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,900,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $176,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $130,600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,450,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(14) Social Security (650):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $5,500,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,500,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $6,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $6,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $27,050,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,550,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $16,300,000,000.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $27,450,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $27,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,500,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $16,950,000,000.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $27,300,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $26,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $1,300,000,000.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $17,550,000,000.
(16) Administration of Justice (750):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $7,200,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:

(A) New budget authority, $7,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,250,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $7,250,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $7,350,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(17) General Government (800):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $5,750,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $5,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $6,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $6,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $6,200,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(18) General Purpose Fiscal Assistance (850):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $1,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,650,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $1,900,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $1,900,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $2,000,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,000,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(19) Net Interest (900):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $148,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $149,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $157,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $157,950,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $158,050,000,000.

(B) Outlays, $158,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(20) Allowances (920):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, $550,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $600,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, $1,600,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $1,700,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, $2,650,000,000.
(B) Outlays, $2,850,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
(21) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
Fiscal year 1987:
(A) New budget authority, −$5,850,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$36,050,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1988:
(A) New budget authority, −$33,400,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$33,400,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.
Fiscal year 1989:
(A) New budget authority, −$34,150,000,000.
(B) Outlays, −$34,150,000,000.
(C) New direct loan obligations, $0.
(D) New primary loan guarantee commitments, $0.

RECONCILIATION

SEC. 2. (a) Not later than June 5, 1986 the committees named in subsections (b) through (u) of this section shall submit their recommendations to the Committees on the Budget of their respective Houses. After receiving those recommendations, the Committees on the Budget shall report to the House and Senate a reconciliation bill or resolution or both carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision.

HOUSE COMMITTEES

(b) The House Committee on Agriculture shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3)

any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $80,000,000 and outlays by $79,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $83,000,000 and outlays by $83,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $84,000,000 and outlays by $84,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(c) The House Committee on Banking, Finance, and Urban Affairs shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: increase budget authority by $642,000,000 and decrease outlays by $1,158,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $0 and outlays by $23,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase budget authority by $164,000,000 and decrease outlays by $46,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(d)(1) The House Committee on Education and Labor shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $25,000,000 and outlays by $25,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $150,000,000 and outlays by $135,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $250,000,000 and outlays by $235,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(d)(2) The House Committee on Education and Labor shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide credit authority, as defined in section 3(10) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce direct loan obligation by $0 in fiscal year 1987, $18,000,000 in fiscal year 1988, and $97,000,000 in fiscal year 1989; and to reduce primary loan guarantees by $235,000,000 in fiscal year 1987, $15,000,000 in fiscal year 1988, and increase primary loan guarantees by $55,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(e) The House Committee on Energy and Commerce shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $2,713,000,000 and outlays by $2,955,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $415,000,000 and outlays by $886,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $402,000,000 and outlays by $1,114,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(f) The House Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congres-

sional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $448,000,000 and outlays by $448,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $383,000,000 and outlays by $383,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $374,000,000 and outlays by $374,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(g) The House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $170,000,000 and outlays by $170,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $180,000,000 and outlays by $180,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $200,000,000 and outlays by $200,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(h) The House Committee on Post Office and Civil Service shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: increase budget authority by $950,000,000 and decrease outlays by $700,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; increase budget authority by $1,500,000,000 and decrease outlays by $950,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase budget authority by $850,000,000 and decrease outlays by $2,150,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(i) The House Committee on Public Works and Transportation shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $836,000,000 and outlays by $119,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $836,000,000 and outlays by $479,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $836,000,000 and outlays by $544,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(j) The House Committee on Science and Technology shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C)

of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $50,000,000 and outlays by $50,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $0 and outlays by $0 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $0 and outlays by $0 in fiscal year 1989.

(k) The House Committee on Small Business shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $438,000,000 and outlays by $343,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $399,000,000 and outlays by $55,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $223,000,000 and outlays by $14,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(l) The House Committee on Ways and Means shall report changes in law within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce the budget deficit by $4,200,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; to reduce the budget deficit by $3,695,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and to reduce the budget deficit by $3,740,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

SENATE COMMITTEES

(m) The Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Foresty shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $80,000,000 and outlays by $79,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $83,000,000 and outlays $83,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $84,000,000 and outlays by $84,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(n) The Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: increase budget authority by $642,000,000 and decrease outlays by $1,158,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $0 and outlays by $23,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase budget authority by $164,000,000 and decrease outlays by $46,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(o) The Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation shall report (1) changes in laws within is jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the

Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $170,000,000 and outlays by $170,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $180,000,000 and outlays by $180,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $200,000,000 and outlays by $200,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(p) The Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $2,185,000,000 and outlays by $2,377,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; increase budget authority by $82,000,000 and outlays by $61,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase budget authority by $78,000,000 and outlays $66,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(q) The senate Committee on Environment and Public Works shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $1,124,000,000 and outlays by $407,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $1,101,000,000 and outlays by $744,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $1,088,000,000 and outlays by $796,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(r) The Senate Committee on Finance shall report changes in law within the jurisdiction of that committee sufficient to reduce the budget deficit by $4,200,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; to reduce he budget deficit by $3,695,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and to reduce the budget deficit by $3,740,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(s) The Senate Committee on Governmental Affairs shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: increase budget authority by $950,000,000 and decrease outlays by $700,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; increase budget authority by $1,500,000,000 and decrease outlays by $950,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase budget authority by $850,000,000 and decrease outlays by $2,150,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(t)(1) The Senate Committee on Labor and Human Resources shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $25,000,000 and outlays by $25,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $150,000,000 and outlays by $135,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $250,000,000 and outlays by $235,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(t)(2) The Senate Committee on Labor and Human Resources shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide credit authority as defined in section 3(10) of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce direct loan obligations by $0 in fiscal year 1987, $18,000,000 in fiscal year 1988, and $97,000,000 in fiscal year 1989; to reduce primary loan guarantees by $235,000,000 in fiscal year 1987, $15,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and increase primary loan guarantees by $55,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

(u) The Senate Committee on Small Business shall report (1) changes in laws within its jurisdiction which provide spending authority, as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, sufficient to reduce budget authority and outlays; (2) changes in laws within its jurisdiction other than those which provide spending authority as defined in section 401(c)(2)(C) of the Act, sufficient to achieve savings in budget authority and outlays; or (3) any combination thereof, as follows: decrease budget authority by $438,000,000 and outlays by $343,000,000 in fiscal year 1987; decrease budget authority by $399,000,000 and outlays by $55,000,000 in fiscal year 1988; and decrease budget authority by $223,000,000 and outlays by $14,000,000 in fiscal year 1989.

ESTABLISHMENT OF DEFICIT REDUCTION ACCOUNT

SEC. 3. (a) Revenues increased through legislative action above $6,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1987, $6,200,000,000 in fiscal year 1988, and $7,200,000,000 in fiscal year 1989, shall be used solely for the purpose of reducing the Federal deficit.

(b) These additional revenues shall be set forth separately in the congressional budget and clearly identified as for the purpose of deficit reduction only.

(c) The President shall immediately take such steps as are necessary to establish a separate account in the Treasury into which revenues referred to in subsection (a) shall be deposited. The account shall be administered in such a way as to insure that moneys deposited in the fund are available solely for the purpose of deficit reduction. The President shall report on an annual basis to the Congress on the financial condition of the fund and the extent to which the fund has reduced the Federal deficit.

RESERVATION OF DEFENSE BUDGET AUTHORITY

SEC. 4. (a) Of the recommended level of fiscal year 1987 budget authority set forth in section 1 of this resolution for Function 050 (National Defense), $3,000,000,000 is hereby reserved from allocation to the Committee on Appropriations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(b) The Secretary of Defense is directed to transmit a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate setting forth a full and complete accounting of all moneys appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1986 in excess of sums needed to cover inflation. Such report shall be referred to the Committee on Appropriations and Committee on Armed Services of each House. The Committee on the Budget of each House shall be notified upon the transmittal of such report.

(c) The report described in subsection (b) shall also be submitted to the General Accounting Office which shall report to the Congress within a period of fourteen days on its findings as to that report.

(d) After the date on which the report of the General Accounting Office described in subsection (c) is transmitted, the Committee on the Budget of each House is authorized and directed to report to its respective House within five legislative days a revised allocation pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 of new budget authority to the Committee on Appropriations reflecting the full amount of budget authority described in subsection (a).

(e) For fiscal years 1988 and 1989, the Secretary of Defense shall, within 90 days of the close of each such fiscal year, issue to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate, a report accounting for any moneys appropriated for each respective prior fiscal year to cover inflation, which have not been obligated for such purposes.

GNP DEFLATOR

SEC. 5. The Committees on Armed Services of the House and Senate shall report legislation prohibiting the Department of Defense from using an arbitrary deflator (one not based on historical or factual data) for major weapons systems which would provide funding for major weapons systems inflation in excess of the GNP deflator.

SHUTTLE ORBITER REPLACEMENT

SEC. 6. Notwithstanding the spending levels contained in section 1 of this resolution, funding for a shuttle orbiter to replace NASA's Challenger, lost on January 28, 1986, would be appropriate if an authorization for such funding is enacted into law.

GENERAL REVENUE SHARING

SEC. 7. The spending levels contained in section 1 of this resolution would not preclude funding for an extension of general revenue sharing under the State and Local Assistance Act of 1972

through the end of fiscal year 1989 if an authorization for such funding is enacted into law.

STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

SEC. 8. It is the sense of the Congress that the policy to fill the Strategic Petroleum Reserve to an ultimate capacity of 750 million barrels be reaffirmed. It is also recommended that the Federal Government purchase oil for the Reserve in a way designed to help domestic stripper oil well producers so as to minimize the shutting-in of stripper production.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE

SEC. 9. It is the sense of the Congress that Federal funds for the Cooperative Extension Service of the Department of Agriculture should be maintained at a level sufficient to carry out fully the vital services it is providing to rural America during a time of extreme stress. It is further assumed that this funding will be used especially to support and strengthen such core programs as 4-H Youth Development, Home Economics and Family Living, Natural Resources and Community Development, and services that provide agricultural financial analysis and farm management instruction.

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL INVESTMENT REFORM

SEC. 10. It is the sense of the Congress that the use of foreign aid funds for financing the foreign production for export use of agricultural commodities already in surplus on world markets is a counter-productive use of American tax dollars as well as devastating to the American farmer who loses export markets from the unfairly subsidized competition.

III. Budget Committee Publications—99th Congress

REPORTS

House Report 99-133—First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1986.
House Report 99-249—Conference Report on First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1986.
House Report 99-300—Omnibus Budget Reconciliaiton Act of 1985.
House Report 99-453—Conference Report on Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985.
House Report 99-598—Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1987.
House Report 99-664—Conference Report on Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1987.
House Report 99-666—Section 302(a) Allocations pursuant to section 13 of S. Con. Res. 120.
House Report 99-727—Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986.
House Report 99-1012—Conference Report on Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1986.
House Report 99-694—Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction Report in explanation of H.J. Res. 676.
House Report 99-816—Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction Report in explanation of H.J. Res. 723.

PRINTED HEARINGS FULL COMMITTEE

99-1—Impact of Budget Proposals on State and Local Issues, February 9, 1985 (New York City).
99-2—Impact of Budget Proposals on Agriculture Issues, February 11, 1985 (Lansing, MI).
99-3*—Impact of Budget Proposals on Health Entitlement Programs; Medicare, February 13, 1985 (Irving, TX).
99-4—Impact of Budget Proposals on Income Maintenance Programs; Trade and Economic Policy; State and Local Issues, February 14, 1985 (San Francisco, CA).
99-5—Impact of Budget Proposals on Agriculture and Farm Commodities Issues, February 15, 1985 (Atchison, KS).
99-6—Impact of Budget Proposals on Senior Citizen Issues, February 18, 1985 (Miami, FL).
99-7—Views of Budget Proposals for Fiscal Year 1986 (Part 1*, Part 2* and Part 3, February 20, 21, 27, and 28; March 5, 6, and 7.
99-8—The Effects of the 1986 Federal Budget on Agriculture and Rural America, March 22 and 23, 1985 (Blue Springs, MO, McAlester, OK, Jonesboro, AR, and Edgefield, SC).
99-9—Working Toward A Balanced Budget, October 9, 1985.

*Supply exhausted.

99-10—The Budget Outlook and Its Economic Implications. October 10, 1985.
99-11—Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Part 1) February 7, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, and 27, 1986.
99-12—Impact of the President's 1987 Budget (Part 2) February 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, 1986 (Chicago, IL; Lowell, MA; Tallahassee, FL; Dallas, TX; and San Francisco, CA).
99-13—Economics and Fiscal Conditions in Rural America, March 14, 1986 (Helena, MT and Worthington, MN).

PRINTED HEARINGS TASK FORCE

TF1-1—Defense and International Affairs—Defense and the Deficit: A Review of Defense Spending and its Relationship to National Security, March 28, 1985.
TF2-1—Economic Policy—Economic Impact of the Budget in Wisconsin, May 18, 1985 (Milwaukee, WI).
TF2-2—Economic Policy—International Trade and the Deficit, October 19, 1985 (Irving, TX).
TF2/5-1—Economic Policy—Relationship of Budget Policy to Unemployment (Joint hearing with Task Force on Human Resources), November 20, 1985.
TF6-1—Community and Natural Resources—Budgetary Issues Affecting the Great Lakes Basin, October 3, 1985.
TF7-1—Health—Medicare's Prospective Payment System, September 30 and October 7 and 21, 1985.
TF6-2—Community and Natural Resources—Urban Infrastruture and Economic Development in American Cities, January 22, 1986.
TF6-3—Community and Natural Resources—Federal Budegtary Policies and the Great Lakes Basin, September 25, 1986.

COMMITTEE PRINTS

CP-1—President Reagan's Fiscal Year 1986 Budget (A Summary and Analysis by the Committee Staff), February 1985.
CP-2—The Congressional Budget Process: A General Explanation, February 1985.
CP-3—Views and Estimates of Committees of the House, March 1985.
CP-4—First Concurrent Resolution on the Budget—Fiscal Year 1986, May 20, 1985.
CP-5—President Reagan's Fiscal Year 1987 Budget (A Summary and Analysis by the Committee Staff), February 1986.
CP-6—Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974, As Amended, January 1986.
CP-7—A Summary: The Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (P.L. 99-177).
CP-8—Views and Estimates of Committees of the House, February 25, 1986,
CP-9—The Congressional Budget Process: A General Explanation. (Including Changes Made by the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985—P.L. 99-177). July 1986.

IV. Joint Resolutions Reported by the Temporary Joint Committee on Deficit Reduction

[H.J. Res. 676, 99th Congress, 2d Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION Ratifying and affirming the report of January 15, 1986, of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office with respect to fiscal year 1986

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, The Congress hereby ratifies and affirms as law the report of the Directors of the Congressional Budget Office and the Office of Management and Budget, issued on January 15, 1986 pursuant to section 251(a) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (51 Fed. Reg. 1918-2336 (1986)).

[H.J. Res. 723, 99th Congress, 2d Session]

JOINT RESOLUTION Complying with the requirements of section 274(f)(1) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. CONTENTS OF JOINT OMB-CBO REPORT.

The contents of the joint report of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office for fiscal year 1987 under section 215(a) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, transmitted to the Congress on August 20, 1986, pursuant to section 274(f)(1) of such Act, and set forth at 51 Fed. Reg. 29827-29899 (1986), shall be deemed to be set forth in this joint resolution and shall serve as the sole basis for the order required to be issued by the President for such fiscal year under section 252(a) of such Act.

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